

**C.S.J.M. University, Kanpur**  
**Syllabus for B.A. LL.B. (Honours) Five Year Degree Course**

**SCHEDULE -B**

**Semester Wise List of Papers**

**First Semester :**

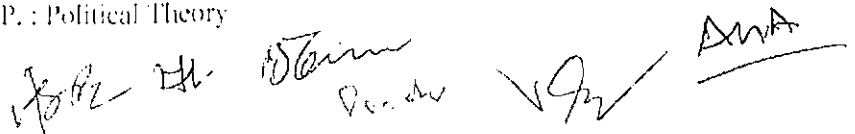
**Paper-1 : Political Science -I (Basic Principles of Political Science and Organizations)**

**The course shall comprise of the following:-**

- I. Political Science : Definition, Nature and scope, relations with other Social Sciences, Geography, Psychology, Economics, Ethics and Law.
- II. Conception of State and Government-
  - (a) State (defined), nature of the state, elements of the state, state- society, state-association, state government.
  - (b) Sovereignty - meaning, aspects, attributes kinds (with special reference to political and legal sovereignty).
- III. Political Organization
  - a. Constitution - meaning, classification, condition of a good constitution.
  - b. Conventions - in unwritten and written constitutions - ex UK, USA, India
  - c. Unitary and federal Governments- features, relative merits and demerits - eg. U.K. USA, India, Switzerland.
  - d. Indian federation - features, how federal is India?
- IV. Organs of government.
  - a) Legislature-meaning, functions, role Unicameralism- arguments for and against Bicameralism - Organization, arguments for and against, direct legislation.
  - b) Executive-meaning, kinds, functions, Parliamentary vs. Non- parliamentary executive.
  - c) Judiciary - Organization, functions, Independence, judicial activism.
  - d) The Doctrine of Separation of Powers.
- V. Concept of Representation, Electorate, Constituencies, Single member vs. multi member, universal adult franchise, right to vote for women, Minority representation, Public opinion-meaning, nature, media.
- VI. Public relations - meaning, principles and role.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Lawrence O. Waalase. - Gettel's History of Political Thought
2. Mockenzle Brown - Indian Political Thought from Ranade to Bhave.
3. Strong, C.F. - Modern Political Constitutions.
4. Wheare K.C. - Modern Constitutions
5. Wheare K.C. - Federal Government (Oxford Uni. Press)
6. Sabine: A History of Political Theory.
7. Cater & Harz - Government and Politics in Twentieth Century.
8. Dr. Sinha, O.P. : Political Theory



**Paper-2 : English -I (General English -I)**

The Course shall comprise of the following:

- I. Use of dictionary for words and idiomatic phrases; Use of legal lexicon; Major categories of words formation in English with special reference to expressions of Latin and French: Origin. a. Current and popular usage in British English and American English.
- II. Tense and concord.; Determiners; Prepositional phrase clauses; Basic transformations : Passive, Negative, Interrogative; Use of Connectives
- III. Comprehension skill; Listening comprehensions with speech reference and making notes; Sentences building exercises with special reference to word patterns and common Indian errors as associated with them; Short note on general and legal Issues
- IV. Translation from Hindi to English.  
Short essay on legal and general topics (about 150 words)

**Books Recommended:**

1. Raymond Murphy-Intermediate English Grammar.
2. Raymond Murphy-Advanced English Grammar.
3. Thomson & Martinet-A Practical English Grammar.
4. Robertson-English Grammar for Indian Students.
5. Wren & Martin-High School English Grammar.

*Handwritten signatures and initials:*  
 ✓ [Signature]    AGor    [Signature]    [Signature]    [Signature]  
 [Signature]

**Paper-3 : Sociology –I (Introduction to Sociology)****The course shall comprise of the following:**

- I. Sociology as a science
  - Date concepts and theory
  - The comparative method
  - Sociology and other social science
  - Sociology and History
  - Sociology and law
  - Sociology and psychology
- II. Basic Concept in Sociology
  - (a) Structure and social system
  - (b) Status and role
  - (c) norms and values
  - (d) Institutions and, community and association
- III. Social institution -
  - (a) Marriage, family and kinship
  - (b) Economic institution
  - (c) Political institution
  - (d) Religious institution
  - (e) Educational institution
- IV. Social Stratification:
  - Caste and class
  - Coercion, conflict and change
  - Social control, order and stability
- V. Sociology as a discipline: law and society, law and social change, sociology of legal profession

**Books Recommended:**

- |                            |   |   |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| 1. S.R. Myneni             | : | Sociology for Law Students                    |
| 2. Vidyabhusan and Sachdev | : | A systematic Introduction to Sociology        |
| 3. U.S. Singh              | : | Hand Book on Sociology                        |
| 4. Mac Iver and Page       | : | Society                                       |
| 5. Bottomore, T.E.         | : | Sociology, A guide to Problems and literature |
| 6. Johnson H.              | : | Sociology- Asystematic Introduction           |
| 7. R.N. Sharma             | : | Introduction to Sociology                     |
| 8. Dr. Singh, B.R.         | : | Sociology                                     |

Am A      Director      H.S.      A.S.      V.R.

### Paper-4 : Economics -I (Economic Theory)

The course shall comprise of the following:

- I. What is Economics? Definition of Economics
- II. Nature and Scope of Economics, Central Problem of an Economy
- III. Production Possibility, Curve and Opportunity cost.
- IV. Consumer behavior and demand
  - (a) Consumer's Equilibrium : Meaning and attainment of equilibrium through approach : law of diminishing marginal utility indifference curve analysis
  - (b) Demand, market demands, determinants of demand, demand schedule, demand curve
  - (c) Movement along and shift in demand curve.
  - (d) Elasticity of demand, Producer behavior and law of supply- supply schedule and supply curve
- V. Law of returns – increasing, constant and diminishing production function
- VI. Different facets of costs & revenues of Production
- VII. Law of returns – increasing, constant and diminishing production function
- VIII. Different facets of costs & revenues of Production
- IX. Forms of markets/competition, perfect competition, different forms of imperfect competition
- X. Introductory macro economics, national income and related aggregates measurement of national income, expenditure method, national disposable income (gross & net), Personal Income, personal Disposable income, determination of income and employment, aggregate demand, aggregate supply and their components, propensity to consume and propensity to consume, determination of income and employment, Keynesian theory.

#### Books Recommended:

- |                       |   |                                  |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| 1. D.N. Dwivedi       | : | Macro Economics                  |
| 2. . Mishra & Puri    | : | Economic Environment of Business |
| 3. D.M. Mithani       | : | Macro Economics                  |
| 4. A.Koutsoyiannis    | : | Modern Micro Economics           |
| 5. Bilas              | : | Micro Economic Theory            |
| 6. J. Hirschleifer    | : | Price Theory And Applications    |
| 7. Watson And Hallman | : | Price Theory and its Uses        |
| 8. E.A.G. Robinson    | : | Monopoly                         |

*Handwritten signatures and initials:*  
 DNR- ✓ [Signature] [Signature] [Signature] [Signature]

**Paper-5 : Contract -I (General Principles of Contract)**

The course shall comprise of the following:

- I. Purpose, Evolution and scope of Law of Contracts
- II. Proposal and promise including communication of proposal, acceptance and communication of the revocation of proposal & acceptance.
- III. Consideration and doctrine of privity of contract.
- IV. Lawful objects and consideration.
- V. Capacity to contract; Minors, Persons of unsound Mind and Others Disqualified by Nature and Effects of Minor's Agreements: Doctrine of Restitution.
- VI. Consent and free consent.
- VII. Standard form of contracts.
- VIII. Agreements declared void under the contract Act.
- IX. Contingent contracts.
- X. Law relating to certain relations resembling those created by contracts, viz. Quasi-Contract.
- XI. Discharge of contract :
  - (a) Discharge by performance
  - (b) Discharge by Breach including Anticipatory Breach
  - (c) Discharge by agreement
  - (d) Discharge by impossibility of performance with particular reference to English Law doctrine of Frustration.
- XII. Remedies available under Indian Contract Act, 1872 Compensation : Meaning Nature Kinds; Remoteness of Damage; Measure of Damages; Contracts Containing Stipulation & way of Penalty.
- XIII. Remedies available under specific relief Act, 1963:
  - (a) General principles of granting specific relief.
  - (b) Specific performance of contracts including contracts which cannot be specifically enforced.
  - (c) Injunctive relief.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Beales (ed.) - Anson's law of Contract : (27<sup>th</sup> Ed. 1998)
2. Anson-law of Contract (1998), Universal, Delhi
3. Pollock & Mulla - Indian Contract Act
4. Avtar Singh - Law of Contract, Eastern Book Co. (Lucknow)
5. S.K. Kapoor - Samvidha Vidhi (Hindi)
6. Kailash Rai - Law of Contract

**C.S.J.M. University, Kanpur**  
**Syllabus for B.A. LL.B (Honours) Five Years (Ten Semester)**  
**Integrated Degree Course ( Session 2013-14 and onwards)**

**SCHEDULE-A**

**Semester Wise List of Papers**

**First Semester:**

- ✓ 1. Political Science-I (Basic Principles of Political Science and Organizations)
- ✓ 2. English -I (General English -I) —
- ✓ 3. Sociology -I (Introduction to Sociology)
- ✓ 4. Economics -I (Economics Theory)
5. Contract -I (General Principles of Contract)
6. Constitutional Law -I

**Second Semester:**

1. Political Science-II (Political Thought)
2. English -II (General English -II)
3. Sociology -II (Development of Indian Society)
4. Economics -II (Indian Economy)
5. Contract -II (Specific Contract)
6. Constitutional Law -II

**Third Semester:**

1. Political Science-III (Public Administration)
2. Legal Method (Elements of Research)
3. Sociology -III (Social Welfare & Social Legislation)
4. Economics -III (Development Economics)
5. Honours Paper (Right to Information)
6. Family law -I (Hindu Law)

*Handwritten signatures and initials at the bottom of the page.*

Second Semester

16

**Paper-1 : Political Science -II (Political Thought)** ✓

The course shall comprise of the following:-

- I. Main currents of western political thought (Ancient and Medieval)
  - (a) Aristotle
  - (b) Roman Legal system
  - (c) Natural Law and Natural rights- Cicero, St. Thomas Aquinas
  - (d) Machiavelli.
- II. Modern Western Political Thought
  - (a) Liberalism: In the west-features, merits and limitations, liberalist thinkers- Herbert Spencer, Bentham and J.S. Mills (a brief sketch)
  - (b) Socialism- meaning and features- Evolutionary, revolutionary, democratic.
  - (c) Marxism and Communism: Marxian and Modern Communism (a comparison)
- III. Indian Political Thought (Ancient & Medieval)
  - a) Hindu - concept of state : Elements of the state, Government and administrative justice and law, function and duties of a ruler (Vedic, Classic, Kautilyan)
  - b) Islamic thought & concept of the state, The Shariat as the basis of law, administrative - Finance, welfare, Crime Punishment and justice.
- IV. Modern Political Thought - Western and Indian Gandhian thought.
  - a) Liberalism Vs Marxist thought in the east.
  - b) Totalitarianism - features, merits, demerits, Fascism & Nazism (a note)
  - c) Democracy - Meaning, Essentials, merits demerits, conditions for success.
  - (d) Satya, Ahimsa and Sarvodaya: Basic principles of his philosophy: influences on him and his thoughts.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Lawrence O. Waalase. - Gettel's History of Political Thought
2. Mockenzle Brown - Indian Political Thought from Ranade to Bhave.
3. Hyper C.L. - Political Thought

*Handwritten signature:* A. S. M. V. R.  
*Handwritten signature:* R. S. V.

**Paper-2 : English -II (General English -II)**

**The Course shall comprise of the following:**

- I. Certain set expressions and phrases in common use; Latin words and phrases; Words often confused; Reported Speech; Question tags and short responses; Conditionals; Some Common Errors;
- II. Comprehension exercises to pinpoint the logical argument; Reading comprehension of suitable narrative, descriptive, discursive and expository prose passages
- III. Precis writing-summarizing and briefing of legal notices, judgements, court orders etc.; Formal correspondence. Drafting of Reports / Briefs ; Taking notes .
- IV. Translation from English to Hindi
- V. Long Essay (400 words) on general and legal topics.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Geoffrey Leech and Jan Svartvik-A Communicative Grammar of English.
2. A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet-A practical English Grammar.
3. Webster's New Dictionary of Synonyms.
4. AS. Hornby and R.M. Mackin-Oxford Progressive English alternative course book.
5. I.L.A Hill-English Language course for college Book.
6. Exercises in English Composition, Department of English Lucknow Univerisity.
7. Aiyer's Law Terms and Phrases.
8. Biswas Encyclopedia Law Dictionary.
9. Black's Law Dictionary.
10. LLA. Hill-English Language course for colleges, Book II and III.
11. Michael McCarthy and Felicity O'Dell-English Vocabulary in use.
12. Raymond Murphy-English Grammar in use intermediate to upper intermediate.
13. Martin Hewings-Advanced Grammar in use.
14. Michael McCarthy, Felicity O'Dell and Ellen Shaw- American English Vocabulary in use.
15. Cambridge International Dictionary of Idioms.
16. Denial Jones-English Pronouncing Dictionary.

*Asor HL 18/11/17*  
*leander*



**Paper-3 : Sociology –II (Development of Indian Society)**

**The course shall comprise of the following:**

- I. The Development of Indian Society
  - Unity and Diversity
  - Continuity and Change, Ancient, Medieval and Modern India as a pluralistic society.
  - Verities of cultural diversities
  - Linguistic, religious, political, economic and cultural communities
- II. Major Institutions of Indian Society
  - (e) Family
  - (f) Caste
  - (g) Village
- III. Tribe and caste in the traditional order- caste and class in the contemporary India- backward class
- IV. Trends of change in Indian Society ; Rural and Urban, Problems and Development Programmes
- V. Indian Cultural Values and Development – Impact of Muslim and British Cultures

### Books Recommended:

- |                       |   |   |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| 1. S.R. Myneni        | : | Sociology and Law Students                |
| 3. M.R. Srinivas      | : | Study of Indian Society                   |
| 4. H.M. Johnson       | : | Sociology A systematic Study              |
| 5. N.K. Bose          | : | The Structure of Hindu Society            |
| 6. G.S. Ghurye        | : | Caste, Class and Occupation               |
| 7. Peter Worsley      | : | Introducing Sociology                     |
| 8. Romesh Thapper     | : | Tribe, caste and religion in India        |
| 9. A.R. desai         | : | Rural Sociology                           |
| 10. M.N. Srinivas     | : | Social Change in Modern India             |
| 11. D.M. Kapadia      | : | Marriage and Family in India              |
| 12. Kingsley Davis    | : | Human Society                             |
| 13. Mac Iver and Page | : | Society                                   |
| 14. Andre Beteille    | : | The Backward Classes and the social order |
| 15. M.N. Srinivas     | : | Caste in Modern India                     |

Backward Classes and the social order  
te in Modern India

**Paper-4 : Economics -II (Indian Economy)** ✓

The course shall comprise of the following:

- I. Economic Development & Growth: meaning of Economic Development and growth indicators of economic development, indicators of economic growth
- I. Obstacles to development and growth: vicious circle of poverty, population explosion, low productivity of agriculture, scarcity of capital, inappropriate technology, socio-cultural obstacles, political and administrative obstacles, external bottlenecks, characteristic of Indian economy.
- II. Trade union movement in india
- III. Planning In india, progress under five year plan
- IV. Problems and prospects of Indian agriculture – green revolution Indian agriculture and WTO.
- V. Problems and prospects of Indian industry – large, medium and small, labour and trade union movement in india.

**Books Recommended:**

- |                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| 1. Dutt R. & K.P.M. Sundharm : | Indian Economy                                     |
| 2. Mishra S.K. & V.K. Pure :   | Indian Economy                                     |
| 3. Agrawal A.N. :              | Indian Economy Problem of Development and Planning |
| 4. Johnson P.A. :              | Development Issue of Indian Economy                |
| 5. Kapila Uma (ed.) :          | Indian Economy since independence                  |
| 6. Dewett Kewal :              | Indian Economy                                     |
| 7. B.N.P. Singh :              | Indian Economy today changing contours             |
| 8. Memoria C.B. :              | Agricultural Problems in india                     |
| 9. Sharma, Meenakshi Dev :     | Indian Economy                                     |

*MTW for ill* *VJ* *Amo*  
*Secdr*

**Paper-5 : Contract -II (Specific Contract)** ✓

The course shall comprise of the following:

- I. (a) Nature and Definition of Contract of Indemnity: Extent of Indemnifier's Liability.  
(b) Nature and Definition of Contract of Guarantee : Rights, Liabilities and Discharge of Surety.
- II. Meaning and Definition of Contract of Bailment, Rights and Duties of Bailor and Bailee.
- III. Meaning of Bailment of Pledge : Pledge by Person other than the Owner.
- IV. Contract of Agency:
  - (a) Nature of Contract of Agency
  - (b) Modes of Creation of Agency
  - (c) Modes of Termination of Agency
- V. (a) Rights and Duties of Principal and Agent  
(b) Rights and Liabilities of Undisclosed Principal  
(c) Personal Liability of an Agent
- VI. Contract of Partnership:
  - (a) Nature and Definition of Contract of Partnership
  - (b) Non-Partnership Interest
  - (c) Formation of Partnership and Partner by Holding Out
  - (d) Minor and Partnership Firm
  - (e) Registration of Firms and Effects of Non-Registration
  - (f) Dissolution of Firms
- VII. Contract of Sale of Goods:
  - (a) Nature and definition of sale of goods
  - (b) Conditions and warranties
  - (c) Rule of Caveat Emptor
  - (d) Nemo dat quad non habet
  - (e) Definition and Rights of an Unpaid Seller

**Books Recommended:**

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 1. R.K. Abhichandrani (Ed.)                 | : | Pollock and Mulla on Contract and Specific |
| 2. Relief Acts, Tripathi Pulication, Mumbai | : |  |
| 3. Desai T.R.                               | : | Indian Contract Act                        |
| 4. S.T. Desai                               | : | Indian Partnership Act                     |
| 5. Dr. Avtar Singh                          | : | Law of Contract                            |
| 6. Chalmers                                 | : | Sale of Goods                              |

Paper-6 : Constitutional law of India -II

22

The course shall comprise of the following:

- I. Fundamental Rights-General: Scheme of Fundamental Rights, Who Rights: Against whom Fundamental Rights are available? Suspension
- II. Fundamental Rights - Specific: Special Emphasis shall be Placed on the
  - (a) Right to equality (Articles 14 to 18)
  - (b) Right to freedom of speech and expression (Articles 19)
  - (c) Protection in respect of Conviction for offences (Article 20)
  - (d) Right to life and personal liberty (Articles 21)
  - (e) Right against Exploitation (Articles 23 & 24)
  - (f) Right to freedom of religion (Articles 25 to 28)
  - (g) Cultural & Educational Rights (Articles 29 & 30)
  - (h) Right to constitutional remedies (Articles 32)
- III. Directive Principles of the State policy. Their Importance and Relationship with rights, Fundamental Duties
- IV. Emergency provisions with special reference to proclamation of National Emergency. Failure of Constitutional Machinery in State, Ground and effect of Emergency.
- V. Amendments in the Constitution. Power and Procedure: Basic structure of the Constitution.
- VI. Freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse

Books Recommended:

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 8. H.M. Seerwai                           | : | Constitutional Law of India                      |
| 9. V.N. Shukla (edited by Dr. M.P. Singh) | : | The Constitution of India                        |
| 10. D.D. Basu                             | : | Constitution of India                            |
| 11. J.N. Pandey                           | : | Constitution of India                            |
| 12. G. Austin                             | : | India's Constitution; Corner Stone               |
| Nation                                    | : |  |
| 13. G. Subba Rao                          | : | Constitution of India                            |
| 14. M.P. Jain                             | : | Constitution of India                            |
| 15. P.K. Tripathi                         | : | Some Spotlights on Constitutional Interpretation |

15/6/2019  
A22 HL  
Seerwai  
VR  
A2

7. Underhill
8. Cheshire & Fifoot
9. Romnainger

: Law of Partnership  
: Law of Contract  
: The Sale of Goods Act

**Statutes Prescribed:**

1. The Indian Contract Act, 1872
2. The Sale of Goods Act, 1950
3. The Indian Partnership Act, 1932

DNA Arora 15/11/20 17/2  
Sood





## THIRD SEMESTER:

### Paper – 1 : Political Science –III (Public Administration)-

The course shall comprise of the following :-

- I. Public Administration : its Nature, Meaning, Scope & Importance
- II. Private & Public Administration.
- III. New Public Administration.
- IV. Politics & Public Administration.
- V. Methods and Approaches of Public Administration.
- VI. Bureaucracy - Meaning and changing concept of Bureaucracy.
- VII. Rise & Characteristics of Bureaucracy.
- VIII. Theories of Bureaucracy – Marxist, Max Weber, Plurist Theory and Technocratic view.
- IX. Bureaucracy and Democracy .
- X. Local Government – Meaning, Characteristics, Importance & Problems .
- XI. Urban Local Government and Panchayati Raj  
( 73<sup>rd</sup> & 74<sup>th</sup> amendments of the Constitution).
- XII. District Level – Organization, Administrative Personnel & Sources of Revenues.
- XIII. Financial Administration.
- XIV. Formation & Execution of Budget.
- XV. Control of Parliamentary Committees.
- XVI. Planning & Policy : Meaning process, who makes policy, Basis of policy – Making.
- XVII. Factors Influencing Policy Formulation.
- XVIII. Policy making in India.
- XIX. Planning – meaning, Types, Machinery, Personnel



& Techniques.

## Paper-2 : Legal Method (Elements of Research) –

The course shall comprise of the following:

- I. Various types of Law : civil law, criminal law, etc. Case law Technique.
- II. Legal materials – Enactments, notifications, judgements, Reports of commissions, etc.
- III. Where to find and how to find these materials, how to check Their validity.
- IV. Methods of study. Technical terms, Interpretation of Statutes.
- V. Elements of Legal Research problem, hypothesis, Experimentation, analysis and interpretation of data, report Writing.
- VI. Tools of Research: Use of Library, observation, questionnaire, Interview, sampling, case study, participation .

## Paper – 3 : Sociology- III (Social Welfare & Social Legislation)

The course shall comprise of the following :

- I. Constitution of India : Fundamental Rights and duties –  
Directive Principles of State Policy and related instruments of  
The constitution initiating the welfare goals of the states.
- II. Social legislation as an instrument of social welfare and as  
Instrument of social change, Limitation of social legislation.
- III. Social Welfare needs Provision of Compulsory primary  
Education - full employment – health care needs, welfare of  
Women and children, welfare of disadvantaged groups  
(handicapped, elderly, dalits and tribes), and housing needs.
- IV. Social Legislations- Constitutional Provisions in favor of dalits  
Tribes other backward classes, women and children , law  
Relating Compulsory primary education, employment,  
Labor legislation, health for all, social security, insurance  
Scheme, human rights, trafficking in women and children.
- V. Legislation initiated by state legislative bodies to meet  
Regional and local social welfare needs .
- VI. Organizations promoting social welfare programmes :  
Central and state government organization and their  
Fuctioning, semi government and nongovernmental  
Organization and their role in social welfare, their functioning.
- VII. New approaches and efforts to reach the constitutional goals  
In the context of liberalization and globalization of Indian  
Economy.

## Paper – 4 : Economics- III (Development Economics)-

The course shall comprise of the following :

- I. Theories of economic Development : classical theories – Adam Smith, Ricardo and Malthus Karl Marx's Theory of Economic development, Schumpeterian theory of economic Development.
- II. Money and banking : evolution and function, central bank Meaning and function, Role of Reserve Bank of India, Commercial Bank meaning and functions.
- III. WTO and its effects on Indian industry and agriculture, WTO basic History, WTO Evolution and Function, WTO Implications of India, Role of IMF and world bank Fostering the development of less developed economies.
- IV. Government Budget and Economy : Government Budget Meaning and its components, objectives of government Budget , classification of receipt- revenue and capital, plan And non plan, development and non- development, Different forms of budgetary deficits, deficit financing.
- V. Meaning of business cycles, phases of business cycles, types Of business cycles, theories of business cycles and control of Business cycles.

## Paper- 5 : Honours Paper (Right to Information) –

The course shall comprise of the following :-

- I. Right to information before Right to information Act, 2005, Significance in democracy, Constitutional basis, Supreme Court on right to information.
- II. Right to information Act – definition, Right to information and Obligations of public authorities .
- III. Central information commission, State information Commission : powers and functions of information Commissions, Appeals and penalties.
- IV. Other related laws – The Official Secrets Act, 1923, The Public Records Act, 1993, The Public Record Rules, 1997, The Fre 1952, The Commission of inquiry (central ) rules, 1972.
- V. Best practices – A study of decisions rendered by state Commissions and central commission in the following areas of  
- police, Revenue, PWD, Irrigation, Secretarist, BSNL, Posts and telegraphs, Scheduled Banks, CPWD, Income Tax Department, Central Excise, Department, Local Authorities.

## Paper- 6 : Family Law – I (Hindu Law) –

The course shall comprise of the following :

- I. Source of Hindu Law, Schools and Sub-Schools of Hindu Law.
- II. Marriage : essential of a valid marriage, Void and Voidable Marriage.
- III. Matrimonial relief  
Concept and Ground of Various Matrimonial Reliefs Viz.
  - (a) Restitution of Conjugal Rights.
  - (b) Judicial Separation
  - (c) Nullity of Marriage
  - (d) Divorce
- IV. Legitimacy – Legal Status of Children Born of Void and Voidable Marriage.
- V. Adoption.
- VI. Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956.
- VII. Law of Maintenance – Hindu Adoption and maintenance Act, 1956.
- VIII. Joint Hindu Family (Mitakshara and Dayabhaga)
  - (a) Coparcenary – its formation and incidents.
  - (b) ~~Kind of property~~ – obstructed and un-obstructed  
Mortgage, coparcenary and separate property.
  - (c) *Rights and duties of karta*
  - (d) Alienation of coparcenary property, alienation of Undivided coparcenary interest .

IX. Law of partition and re-union :

(a). Nature of partition

(b). Partition how effected and reopened.

© . Subject matter of partition

(d). Re- union

X. Law of succession .

## FOURTH SEMESTER

### Paper – 1 : Political Science – IV (Foundation of Political Obligations) –

The course shall comprise of the following :-

- I. Law- Meaning and Nature, Sources of law, Kinds of law, Laws and Morality, Rule of Law, Administrative law, Delegated Legislation, the Concept of Justice.  
Rights – Meaning , Nature, Kinds, Relationship between Rights Duties, Kinds of duties, Human Rights in brief.  
Liberty- Meaning, Importance, Kinds.  
Equality- Meaning , Importance, Kinds.  
Relationship between Liberty and Equality, Justice.
- II. Legitimacy of Power- The Classical Theory (Hobbes, Locke And Rousseau) – modern approaches to the notation of Political obligation (Max weber, Karl Marx, Emile Durkheim) - Theories of political legitimacy).
- III. The Problems of Civil Disobedience and Political obligation With particular reference to Gandhian and Neo – Gandhian Thought, Thoreau, Martin Luther King.
- IV. Utilitarianism as an approach to political obligation - Jeremy Bentham and J.S. Mill .  
Foundation of Promissory and Contractual liability  
Idealism – its Philosophy, Merits and Limitations – Kant, Hegal, T.H. Green.

- V. The problem of punishment – Use of force by State against the Citizen- The basis of criminal sanction
- (a) Theories of Punishment
  - (b) The contemporary crises of legitimation
  - ©. Power vs. Authority, Authority and Responsibility, Legitimation.
  - (d) Legitimation of Power – Classical thought- Hobbes, Locks And Rousseau.
  - (e) Max weber – theory of Bureaucracy and Authority.
  - (f) Durkheim – olic Obligation.



## Paper-2 : Public International Law –

The course shall comprise of the following :

I. Theoretical foundation of international law :

- (a) Definition
- (b) Nature and scope
- © Schools of international law

II. Sources of international law :

- (a) Custom
- (b) International conventions
- © General principles of law
- (d) Judicial decisions and juristic works

III. Relations between international law and municipal law

- (a) Theories of relationship
- (b) Indian and British practices

IV. Recognition in international law :

- (a) Concept, kind and Theories
- (b) Legal consequence of recognition

V. State Territory :

- (a) Law of the sea
- (b) Air space

VI. Jurisdiction :

- (a) Territorial Jurisdiction.
- (b) Extraterritorial Jurisdiction.

VII. Asylum and extradition.

VIII. Pacific settlement of international disputes.

## Paper – 3 : Jurisprudence –

The Course shall comprise of the following :

- (1) Introduction
  - (a) Definition, Nature and Scope of Jurisprudence
  - (b) Importance of the study of Jurisprudence
- (2) Analytical School
  - (a) Analytical Positivism
  - (b) Imperative Theory : John Austin
- (3) Historical School
  - (a) Frederick Karel Von Savigny
  - (b) Sir Henry Summer Maine
- (4) Natural Law School
  - (a) Classical Natural Law
  - (b) Revival of Natural Law : Rudolf Stammler
- (5) Sociological School
  - (a) Background and Characteristics
  - (b) Roscoe Pound
- (6) American Realist School
- (7) Legal Person :
  - (a) Natural and Concept
  - (b) Theories of Legal Personality
- (8) Legal Rights :
  - (a) Definition, Basis and characteristics
  - (b) Kinds of Legal Rights

(9) Possession and Ownership:

- (a) Possession in Fact and Possession in Law
- (b) Relation Between Possession and Ownership

(10) Liability:

- (a) Theory of Remedial Liability
- (b) Theory of Penal Liability

(11) Law and Morality:

- (a) Relation between Law and Morals
- (b) Legal Enforcement of Morality

## Paper -4 : Administrative Law –

The course shall comprise of the following :

- I. Reasons for the Development of Administrative Law, Definition and its Scope.
- II. Rule of Law
- III. Separation of Powers
- IV. Delegated Legislation:
  - (a) Necessity of Delegated Legislation
  - (b) Constitutionality of Delegated Legislation
  - © Judicial Control
  - (d) Parliamentary Control
  - (e) Procedural Control
- V. Government's Liability in Torts
- VI. Government Contracts and Government Liability in Contracts
- VII. Promissory Estoppel
- VIII. Principles of Natural Justice
- IX. Writs with Special Reference to:
  - (a) Writs of Certiorari
  - (b) Writs of Mandamus
  - © Writs of Quo-Warranto
- X. Public Interest Litigation and Judicial Review of Administrative Action .
- XI. Ombudsman in India (Lokpal and Lokayukt)
- XII. Public Corporation

## Paper-5: Honours Paper (Interpretation of Statutes and Principles of Legislation)

The Course shall comprise of the following :

- I. Principles of Legislation : Law-making – the legislature, Executive and the judiciary; Principle of utility; Relevance of John Rawls and Robert Nozick – individual interest to Community interest; Operation of these principles upon Legislation ; Distinction between morals and legislation.
- II. Interpretation of Statutes : Meaning of the term ‘status’ ; Commencement, operation and repeal of statutes; Purpose of Interpretation of statutes;
- III. Aids to Interpretation : Internal aids : Title : Preamble; Headings and marginal notes; Sections and sub-sections; Punctuation marks; Illustrations, exceptions, provisos and Saving clauses; Schedules; Non-obstante clause; External aids; Dictionaries; Translation; Travaux Preparatoires; Statutes in Pari material; Contemporenea Exposito; Debates, inquiry Commission reports and Law Commission reports.
- IV. Rules of Statutory Interpretation : Primary Rules; Literal rule; Golden rule; Mischief rule (rule in the Heydon’s); Rule of Harmonious construction; Secondary Rules; Noscitur a sociis; Eiusdem generis; Reddendo singula singulis.
- V. Presumptions in statutory Interpretation : Statutes are valid; Statutes are territorial in operation; Presumption against Intending injustice; Presumption against impairing obligations Or ermitting advantage from one’s ownwromg; Prospective Operation of statutes.

VI. Maxims of Statutory Interpretation : *Delegatus non potest Delegare*; *Expressio unius exclusion alterius* ; *Generalia Specialibus non derogant*; *In pari delicto potior est conditio Possidentis*; *Ultrius valet potior quam pareat* ; *Expressum facit Cessare tacitum*; *In bonam partem*.

VII. Interpretation with reference to the subject matter and purpose : Restrictive and beneficial construction; Taxing statutes; Penal statutes; Welfare legislation; Interpretation of Substantive and adjunctival statutes; Interpretation of Directory and mandatory provisions; Interpretation of Enabling statutes; Interpretation of codifying and Consolidating statutes; Interpretation of statutes conferring Rights; Interpretation of statutes conferring powers.

VIII. Principles of Constitutional Interpretation : Harmonious Construction; Doctrine of pith and substance; Colorable Legislation; Ancillary powers; "Occupied field"; Residuary power ; Doctrine of repugnancy.

## Paper -6 : Family Law-II (Mohammadan Law)-

The course shall comprise of the following:

- I. Introduction : Who is Muslim, Conversion, Apostasy.
- II. Source of Muslim Law
- III. Schools of Muslim Law
- IV. Marriage : Definition, Nature Capacity, Classification and Legal Effect of Marriage.
- V. Dower.
- VI. Dissolution of Maariage under Muslim Law : (Divorce) Talaq, Ila, Khula, Mubarrat, Talaq-e-Tafweed, Lian, Faskh etc.
- VII. Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939.
- VIII. Maintenance of Wives with Special Reference to Section 125 Cr. P.C.
- IX. Shah Bano Case and the Ensuing Legislation.
- X. Parentage and Legitimacy : Acknowledgement of Legitimacy. Brief Study of Section 112 of the Evidence Act.
- XI. Will.
- XII. Gift.
- XIII. Hiba-Marz-UI-Maut.
- XIV. Law of Pre-Emption.
- Xv. General Rule of Inheritance

## FIFTH SEMESTER

### Paper-1 : Political Science –V(International Relations) –

The course shall comprise of the following:-

- I. International Relation : Its meaning, nature and Practice. The Role of National Interest and Ideology in formation of foreign Policy.
- II. Nationality – Definition and Meaning, Elements that help Develop Nationality.
- III. Nationalism – Definition, Meaning brief history (W. & E.) Features, Merits and Demerits.
- IV. State, Nation, Nationality- mono- national and Multi-states.
- V. Internatioalism – Philosophy, reasons for growth, a brief History and scope. International relations and international Relations and international politics.
- VI. National Power – Meaning, Major Sources and Elements (Geography, population, Natural resources, food, raw materials Scientific development, technology, Indus capacity) Military preparedness, National character, morale leadership And quality of govt.  
Limitations of national power-
  - (a) International morality
  - (b) International public opinion
  - © International law-definition, scope, source and limitations, Codification.
  - (d) War – meaning , causes, advantages and disadvantages, Earlier and Modern Warfare –compared.



(e) Economic Interdependence.

VIII. Diplomacy – an instrument of national policy- definition and Importance, a brief history, types of diplomacy, functions, Organization and protocol, privileges and immunities of Diplomats. Subversion, propaganda and Terrorism.

IX. Peaceful Change :-

(a) Balance of power – Meaning, Characteristics, Devices and Instruments, Balance of power in the modern world.

(b) Collective security – Meaning, principles, features, Problems, condition for success – NATO, SEATO Alliances

© Disarmament History, problems, success and failures – Example.

Instrument of peaceful change – (a) Negotiation

(b) Mediation (c) Arbitration (d) conciliation and

(e) Judicial Settlement, (Each is to be defined, its features, Highlighted, its limitations explained with suitable Examples. Each instrument has to be compared and Contrasted with the other. )

## Paper-2 : Law of Torts- I (principles of Torts)

The Course shall comprise of the following :

- I. Evolution of Law of Torts : England – forms of action- specific Remedies from case to case;  
India – principles of justice equity and good conscience –  
Uncodified character advantages and disadvantages.
- II. Definition, Nature, Scope and Objects; A wrongful act –  
Violation of duty imposed by law, duty which is owed to people  
Generally (in rem) – *damnum sine injuria* and *injuria sine Damnum*; Tort distinguished from crime and breach of contract.
- III. Principles of Liability, in Torts : Fault; Wrongful intent;  
Negligence; Liability without fault; Violation of ethical codes;  
Statutory liability; Place of motive in torts
- IV. Justification in Tort : *Volenti non fit injura*; Necessity, private  
And public; Plaintiff's default; Act of God; Inevitable  
Accident; private defence; Statutory authority; Judicial and  
Quasi-judicial acts; Parental and quasi-parental authority.
- V. Extinguishment of liability in certain situations : *Actio  
Personalis moritur cum Persona* – exceptions; Waiver and  
Acquiescence; Release; Accord and satisfaction; Limitation;  
Who may sue ; Who may not be sued ?
- VI. Doctrine of sovereign immunity and its relevance in India;  
Vicarious Liability ; Express authorization; Ratification;  
Abetment; Special Relationship : Master and servant;  
Principal and agent; Corporation and principal officer.

VII. Torts against persons and personal relations : Assault, battery, Mayhem False imprisonment; Defamation – libel, slander Including law. Relating to privileges; Malicious prosecution; Shortened expectation of life; Nervous shock.

VIII. Wrongs affecting property : Trespass to land, trespass ab Initio, dispossession; Movable property – trespass to goods, Detinue, conversion; Torts against business interests – Injurious falsehood, misstatements, passing off.

## Paper -3 : Property Law

The Course shall comprise of the following :

- I. General Principles applicable to transfer of both Movable and Immovable properties.
- II. General definitions- immovable properties , attestation, notice (a meaning of transfer of property) (section 5).
- III. Meaning of property including non transferable properties (section 6).
- IV. Persons competent to transfer, incidents of transfer, oral Transfer (section 7,8 & 9).
- V. Condition restraining alienation (section 10 to 12).
- VI Transfer of benefit of unborn person and rule against Perpetuity (section 13 to 18)
- VII. Vested and contingent interest (section 19 & 21).
- VIII. Conditional transfer (section 25 to 29).
- IX. Election (section 35) .
- X. General Principles applicable to transfer of immovable Properties only.
- XI. Transfer by Unauthorised persons other than full owner (section 41 & 43).
- XII. Restrictive covenant and protection of third person's rights (section 39 & 40).
- XIII. Lis pendens (section 52).
- XIV. Fraudulent transfer (section 53).
- XV. Part-performance (section 53 A).
- XVI. Sale of Immovable property : definition and mode of sale And Exchange (section 54 & 118).
- XVII. Mortgage : definitions mortgage, Mortgagor, Mortgagor, Mortgage Money, Mortgage Deed (section 58) charge (section 100).

- XVIII. Kind of Mortgage (section 58).
- XIX. Mode of formalities of creation of mortgage (section 59).
- XX. Right to redeem, Partial Redemption, Clog on Redemption (Section 60), Marshalling and contribution (section 81&82) Subrogation (section 91 & 92).
- XXI. Leases of immovable property :
- XXII. Definition of Lease (section 105) and License.
- XXIII. Lease how made (section 107).
- XXIV. Determination of Lease (section 111)
- XXV. Effect of holding Over (section 116).
- XXVI. Gift.
- XXVII. Definition of Gift (section 122)
- XXVIII. Transfer how effected (section 123)
- XXIX. Onerous Gift (section 127).
- XXX. Universal Donee (section 128).
- XXXI. Law of Easement :
- XXXII. Definition, Acquisition and Kinds of Easement (section 4 to 18).

## Paper -4 : Labour Law – I

The Course shall of the following :

- I. Historical perspectives on Labour : Labour through the ages – Slave labour – caste basis- labour during feudal days; Colonial labour law and policy; From laissez faire to Welfarism and to globalization : transition from exploitation To protection ; and from contract to status : changing Perspectives on labour.
- II. The Trade Unions Act, 1926 : Trade unionism; Evolution and Growth of Trade Unions in India; Historical reasons for the Formation of combination of workers, legal impediments; Constitutional freedom to form associations and unions – Constitution of India, Articles 19(1)(c) , (4) and 33; International Labour Organisation – its influence in bringing Changes in national legislations. Trade Union – Definitions of ‘ trade union ‘ , ‘workman’ and ‘ trade dispute’ ; Legal Control and protection of trade union ; registration, Amalgamation, rights, immunities, liabilities and dissolution ; Problems : multiplicity of unions, over politicisation – intra-Union and inter- union rivalry, outside leadership, closed shop And union – Shop recognition of unions; Immunities – Criminal and Civil .
- III. Industrial Disputes – The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 : Aims and Objects of the Industrial Disputes Act; Industry – Conceptual Analysis ; The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, S. 2(k), 2A; Concept of Workman Distinction between contract For services and contract of service : Due control and Supervision test ; Predominant nature of duty test; The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, S. 2(s); Strike & Lock out;

Concepts, legality and justification; The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, Ss. 2(q), 2(l), 2(n), 10(3), 10A(3A), 22-28; Lay off, Retrenchment & Closure; The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, Ss. 2(cc), 2(kkk), 2(oo), Chapters VA, VB.

IV. The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 :  
The Essential Services Maintenance Act, 1981.

V. The Industrial Disputes Act : Investigation & Settlement of Industrial disputes – General (sections 3 to 15); Dispute Settlement Machinery : Conciliation and Adjudication; Conciliation/Mediation as a Dispute Settlement Mechanism ; Adjudication : Voluntary Adjudication/Arbitration and Compulsory Adjudication; Reference of the Industrial Dispute; Nature & Scope of the Power of the Appropriate Government Under section 10; Jurisdiction of Adjudicatory Authorities; Awards and Settlements; Settlement : Nature, Duration and Termination; Awards : Nature and Duration; Judicial Review Of of Industrial Awards; Managerial Perogative; Domestic Enquiry and Disciplinary actions with special reference to the Industrial; Powers of the Adjudicatory Authorities; Power in Cases of Discharge/ Dismissal (section 11A); Restraints on Managerial Perogatives (section 33 and 33A).

## Paper- 5 : Honours Paper (Insurance Law) –

The course shall comprise of the following :-

- (1) Origin and History of Insurance Law :  
Nationalization and Regulation of Insurance, Constitution, Power and Functions of IRDA.
- (2) Insurance :  
Definition, Essentials, Nature, Kinds, and Application of Doctrine of Utmost Good Faith and Doctrine of Indemnity
  - (a) Insurable Interest – Definition, Essentials, Nature and Person having insurable Interest.
  - (b) Application of Doctrine of Causa Proxima.
  - © Warranty – Meaning , Characters, Kinds the Effect of Breach of Warranty, Warranty and Representation .
- (3) Life Insurance – Definition, Essential, Nature, Scope, Event, Insured, Circumstances Affecting the Risk Including Suicide, Categories of Insurance Policies .
- (4) Fire Insurance : Definition, Nature, Scope, Meaning of the Term, Fire, loss by Fire, Categories of Fire Insurance Policy And the Application of Special Doctrine – Reinstatement, Subrogation, Contribution etc .
- (5) Marine Insurance : Definition, Scope, Nature, Categories of Marine Insurance Policies, Insured Perils, Loss and Abandonment, Partial Losses and General Average, Measure of Indemnity.
- (6) Miscellaneous Insurance (Burglary, Liability and Motor Vehicle) Definition , Nature and Scope.
- (7) Double Insurance and Reinsurance.



## Paper – 6 : Company Law

The Course shall comprise of the following :-

- I. Meaning of Company, Theories of corporate personality ; Creation and extinction of corporations.
- II. Forms of Corporate and Non – Corporate Organizations; Corporations, partnership and other associations of persons, State corporations ; government companies, small scale, Co-operative, corporate and joint sectors .
- III. Law relating to companies – public and private – Companies Act, 1956 ; Need of company for development formation of a Company registration and incorporation ; Memorandum of Association – various clauses alteration therein - doctrine of Ultra Virus ; Articles of association – binding force – alteration - its relation with memorandum of association - doctrine of constructive notice and indoor management – exceptions ; Prospectus – issue – contents – liability for misstatements – Statements in lieu of prospectus ; Promoters – position – duties And liabilities ;
- IV. Shares – general principles of allotment statutory restrictions – Share certificate its objects and effects - transfer of shares – Restrictions on transfer – procedure for transfer – refusal of Transfer – role of public finance institutions – relationship Between transferor and transferee - issue of shares at premium And discount – depository receipts - dematerialized shares (DEMAT) ; Shareholder – who can be and who can not be a Shareholder – modes of becoming a shareholder - calls on Shares – forfeiture and surrender of shares. Share capital – kinds – alteration and reduction of share capital – Further issue of capital - conversion of loans and debentures into

Capital - duties of courts to protect the interests of creditors  
And holders.

- V. Directors – position – appointment – qualifications – vacation  
Of office – removal – resignation – powers and duties of  
Directors – meeting of Share of Holders, registers, loans –  
Remuneration of directors- role of nominee directors –  
Compensation for loss of office- Managing directors –  
Compensation for loss of office - managing directors and other  
Managerial personnel .
- VI. Borrowing powers – powers – effect of unauthorized  
Borrowing – charges and mortgages - loans to other  
Companies – investments – contract by companies ; Debentures  
- meaning – fixed and floating charge – kinds of debentures –  
shareholder and debenture holder – remedies of debenture  
holders.
- VII. Protection of minority rights; Protection of oppression and  
Mismanagement – who can apply? – powers of the company,  
Court and of the central government.
- VIII. Winding up – types – by court – reasons – grounds – who can  
Apply – procedure – powers of liquidator – powers of court –  
Consequences of winding up order - voluntary winding up by  
Members and creditors – winding up subject to supervision of  
Courts – liability of past members – payment of liabilities –  
Preferential payment, unclaimed dividends – winding up of  
Unregistered company.
- IX. Law and Multinational Companies ; International norms for  
Control ; National law FEMA ( Foreign Exchange  
Management Act 1999) ; Remedies against them civil,  
Criminal and tortuous – Specific Relief Act, writs, liability  
Under special statutes.

#### IV. Modern Political Thought – Western and Indian Gandhian thought

- (a) Liberalism Vs Marxist thought in the east
- (b) Totalitarianism – features, merits, demerits, conditions for Success
- (c) Democracy – Meaning, Essentials, merits demerits, Conditions for success
- (d) Satya, Ahinsa and Sarvodaya : Basic principals of his Philosophy : influences on him and his thoughts.

#### Books Recommended:

1. Lawrence O. Waalse. – Gettel's History of Political Thought
2. Mockenzle Brown – Indian Political Thought from Ranade to Bhave
3. Hyper C.L. - Political Thought